

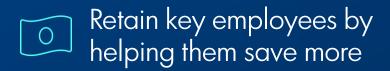
Current Trends in Deferred Compensation

A Focus on Employee Retention and Asset Management

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What we'll cover today:









But first...
Why this conversation matters?

Views from the Employer



Recruiting and **retention**



62% view the plan as a valuable recruiting tool.



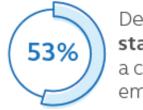
^{* 2023} Principal® Trends in Nonqualified Deferred Compensation (NQDC) report is an online survey of 125 NQDC plan sponsors and 1,089 NQDC plan participants between June 5-23, and September 5-25, 2023.

91% of all Fortune 1000 companies provide a Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan to their key employees¹.

Views from the Employee

Participants consider a deferred comp plan **important in**





Deciding to **stay** with a current employer



Preparing for retirement.

Plan is important in reaching their financial goals in retirement.

Main reasons for participating in a deferred comp plan

60% Save for retirement

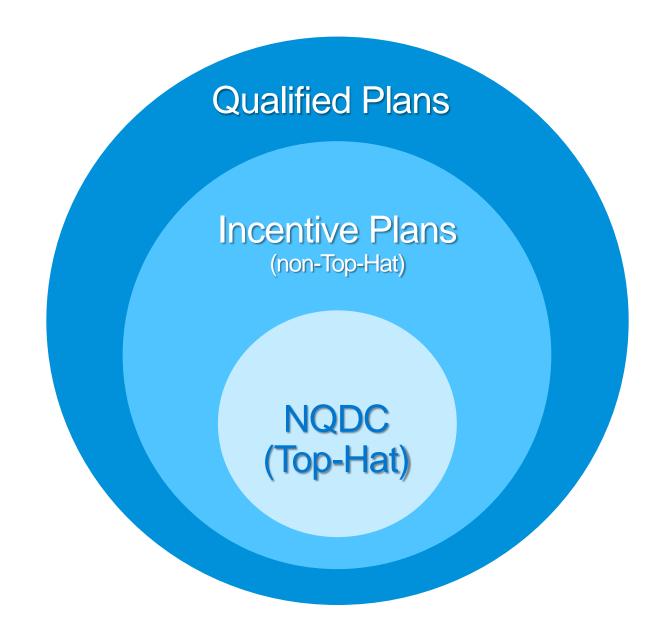
22% Reduce current taxable income

12% Employer contributions participants would miss

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Eligibility:

A narrow focus



What is a nonqualified deferred compensation plan?

An employersponsored benefit for key employees



Participants may be able to defer a portion of compensation into the plan before income taxes.



You promise to distribute that money, plus any earnings and additional employer contributions, to them in the future.

How it works







Delay compensation / Receive award

Reduce taxable income

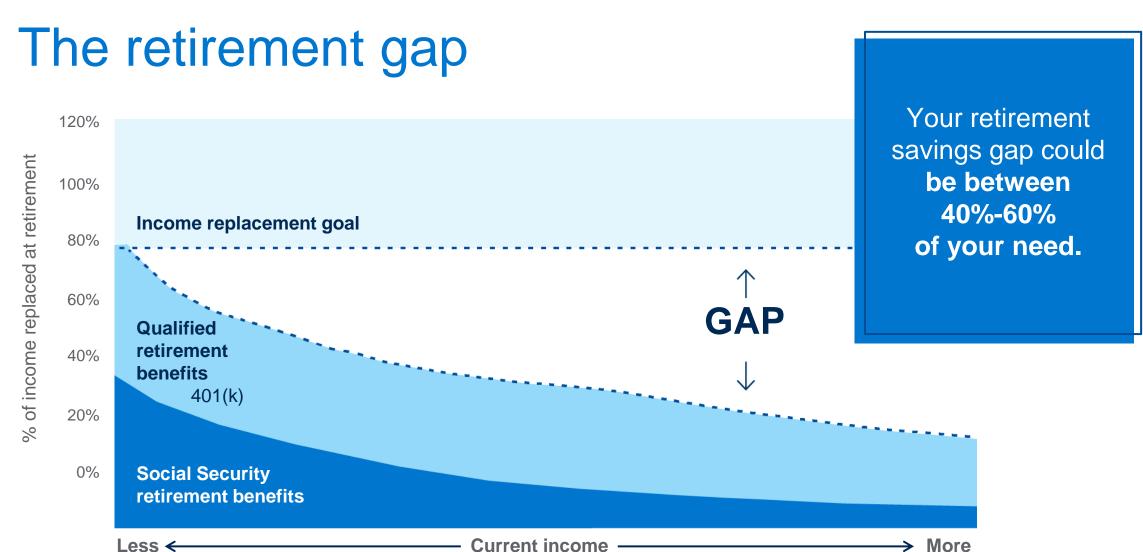
Pre-tax growth potential

Select your own strategy

Receive compensation plus earnings

Taxed as ordinary income



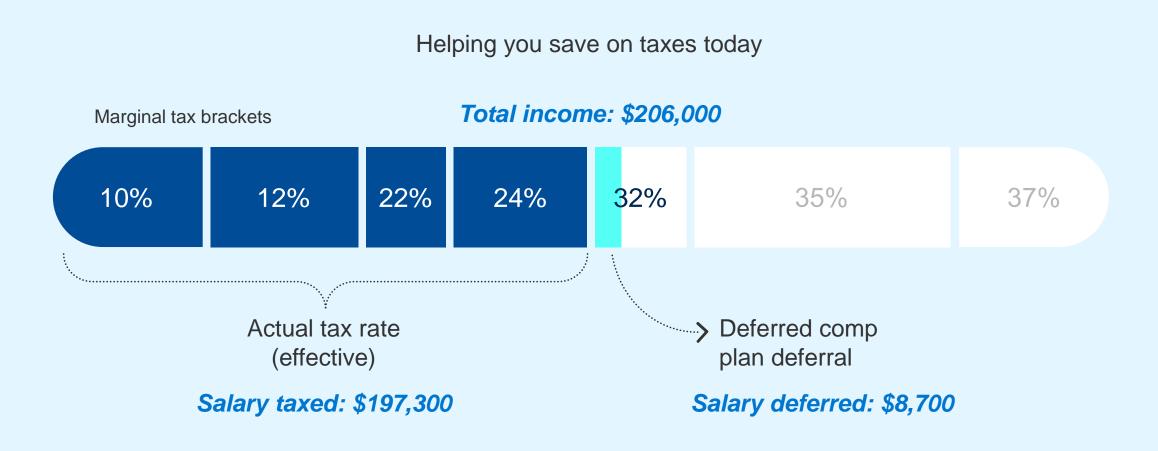


This information is from the Principal Financial Group® Replacement Ratio Calculator with source information from the Annual Statistical Supplements to the Social Security Bulletin (www.ssa.gov). It is intended to demonstrate the potential impact of Social Security and 401(k) plan benefits at various income levels. For more information on your individual circumstances, please speak with your financial or tax professional. © 2025 Principal Financial Services, Inc.

Less ←

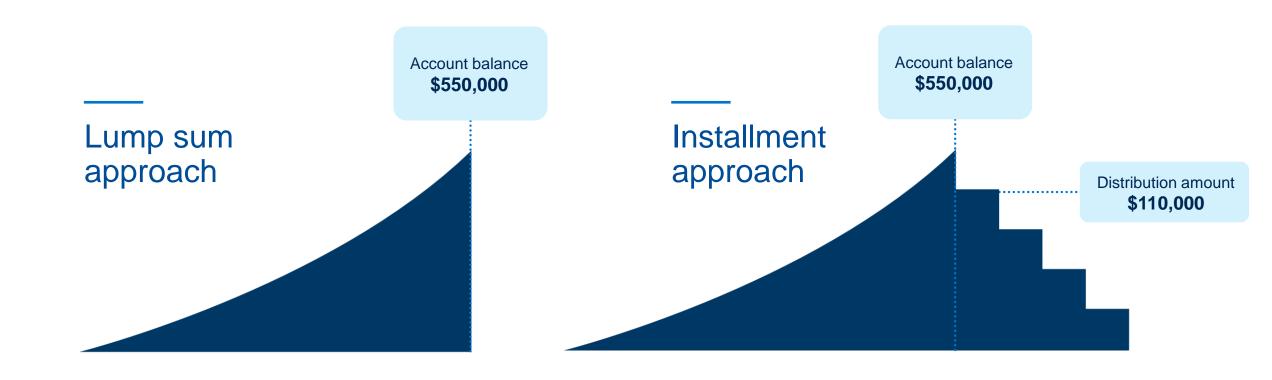
Manage taxes

With a NQDC plan, you can defer your highest tax bracket income to help lower your actual tax rate.



Installments can help give you a tax advantage

Either pay taxes on the entire \$550,000 in one year, or spread that \$550,000 out over 5 years, decreasing the amount of taxes you owe over time.



Recruit, retain, reward, and retire key employees





Compensation management

Use discretionary employer contributions based on the needs of your organization.



Recruit

Attract top talent via signing bonuses tied to tenure or performance.



Reward

Drive both organizational and personal performance with incentive-based contributions to the plan.



Retain

Influence tenure with structured bonuses that use vesting schedules.



Retire

Restore company match benefits you're unable to make in qualified plans due to testing or compensation limits.

Flexible vesting options

Vesting options available to help you meet your plan objectives.

Choose from options like:

Service

Performance

Contribution date

Rolling



Using NQ to 'Fix' The 401(k) Refund / Testing Problem

Use NQ to
Recategorize
Participants as nonHCEs

Targeted Education

Use NQ to Improve 401(k) Design Flexibility

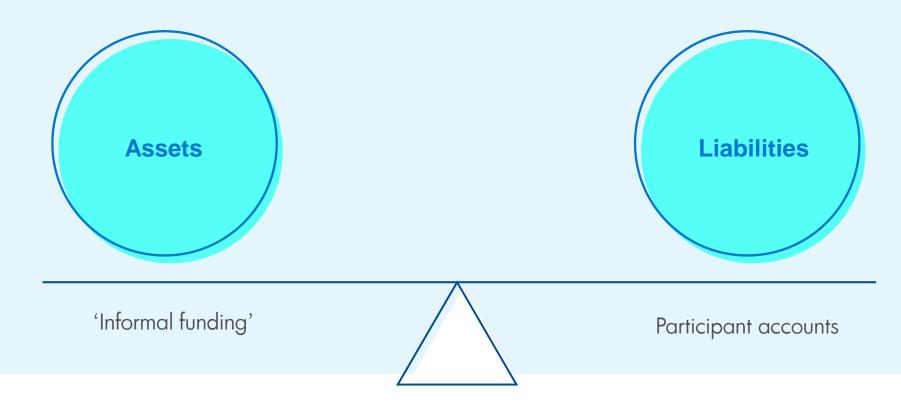
Match Stretching

Use NQ to Recapture any 401(k) Refunds

Retirement Maximization

NQDC plan financing and investment options

Asset / Liability Management



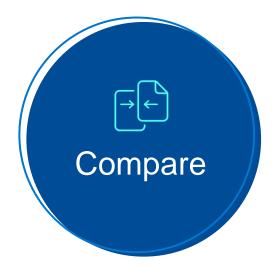
Asset rebalancing



Plan financing approach



Project the plan liability to determine short-term liability needs and long-term cash flow needs.



Compare the financing strategies with various funding assets.



Determine the **optimal strategy** and funding assets.



Provide **ongoing monitoring** of the strategy and adjust as needed.

How to choose the best financing approach?

Depends on your organization's:

- Long-term cost of money
- Earnings assumptions
- Realized vs. unrealized gains and losses on assets
- Cash flow requirements

How does an organization pay for it?

Company cash

No specific plan assets are set aside. Instead, benefits are paid through company's cash flow.

Taxable investments

The company invests in mutual funds and/or individual securities.

Corporate-owned life insurance (COLI)

The company purchases a policy to pay future obligations.

Combo (COLI & taxable investments)

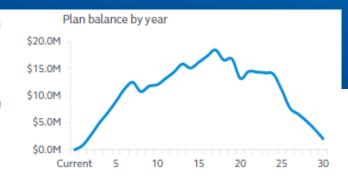
Dual financing with taxable investments and COLI is a popular method to leverage short-term plan distributions, with the benefits of COLI for distributions with a longer horizon.

Custom Plan Projection & Funding Analysis

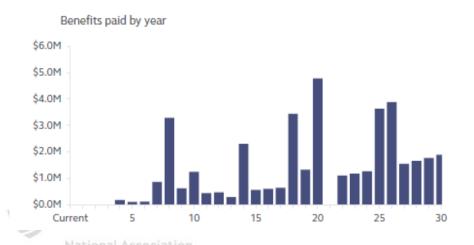
Liability

As people retire you will pay benefits to plan participants. The amount you pay each year will depend on the size of the accounts and the length of time the account is paid out.

By combining each participant's account you can see your plan's total liability over time. This will give you an idea of the possible size of the benefits for your participants.



Here are the results of the projection



Asset

Financing	As demonstrated	Benchmark
Total cash need	\$55,069,499	\$55,069,499
Reimbursement from tax benefits Reimbursement from mutual funds Reimbursement from life insurance withdrawals Total sources of cash	15,970,155 8,392,743 30,706,602 \$ 55,069,499	15,970,155 39,099,345 0 \$55,069,499

100%

Benefits

financed from invested assets and tax benefits

100%

Benefits
financed from invested assets and tax benefits

Performance

Total cash flow NPV of total cash flow \$20,278,453 \$949,541

(\$4,601,179) (\$5,230,424)

6.18%
Internal Rate of Return
on assets after taxes

5.03%
Internal Rate of Return

on assets after taxes

Grantor trust & tax implications

GRANTOR TRUST

An irrevocable trust where an organization sets aside funds to pay participant distributions.

Offers measure of protection to participants from change of heart from current or future management. No benefit protection in the case of sponsor insolvency.

TAX IMPLICATIONS

Assets are owned by the company, not the grantor trust.

Earnings are taxed at the company's tax rate.

Assets in a grantor trust are subject to creditors at all times.

89% of plans set funds aside to cover future obligations. Of those that do, 80% put it in a Grantor trust.*

What's next?

How can a plan sponsor evaluate if deferred comp is right for their business?



Are key employees concerned about saving enough for retirement on a tax-advantaged basis?



Do their retirement plans restrict the ability to offer different benefits for their most profitable employees?



Are their compensation plans motivating the behavior they want from their top executives?



Are they concerned about turn-over of key people?

Opportunities in the new plan market

Keys to success:
Identify pain points and provide solutions



Plan sponsor in need of "401(k) repair"



Employer needing better control of compensation



HCEs needing to save more than permitted in qualified plans



Employer wanting to restore lost qualified plan benefits

Opportunities in the existing plan market

Keys to success: Identify pain points and provide solutions



Plan sponsor who's dissatisfied with current service provider



"Best practices" design update – deferred comp plans more than 3 years old



Participants who don't value current deferred comp plan



Ineffective or inefficient deferred comp plan financing

Financial professional action plans

REVIEW EXISTING CLIENTS/LOOK FOR OPPORTUNITIES

For profit C corp, S corp, or LLCs (non-owners of "pass throughs")	Higher-than-average attrition at executive level vs others in its industry	
Firm size is greater than 100 employees, in business 5+ years	Having trouble recruiting, retaining, and rewarding key performers	
Business size is stable or growing	HCE contributions limited in the 401(k) plan	
10+ HCEs earning more than \$150,000	Consistent 401(k) refunds due to failed plan non- discrimination testing	

Thank you!

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