



Helping families successfully navigate college search for 16 years

Help students identify right fit schools – Academic, Social, Financial

Reduce the stress between parents and kids during this journey

More than 529's!



Late-stage college planning is a significant opportunity to provide value to your clients and build your business!

Quiz

As a percentage, how much has tuition increased nationally at public institutions since 1990?

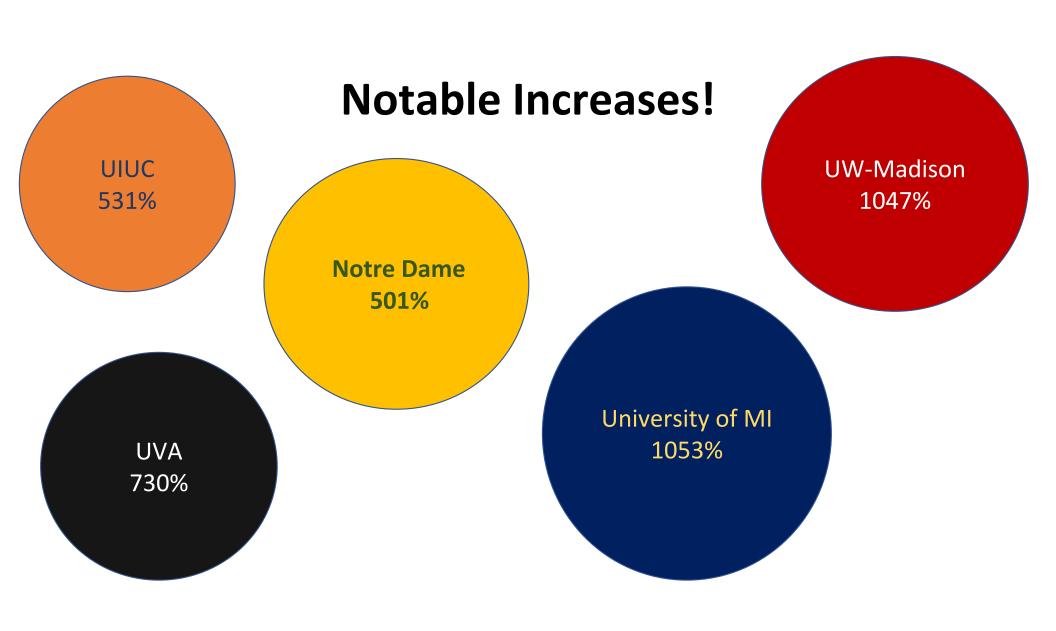
- □ 73%
- □ 106%
- **180%**
- **□** 213%
- □I may need my TI-35 calculator



Public increase since '90 213%

Private Schools

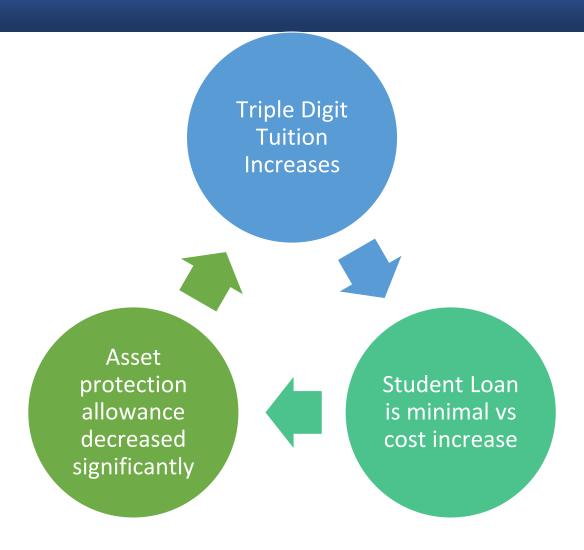
415%

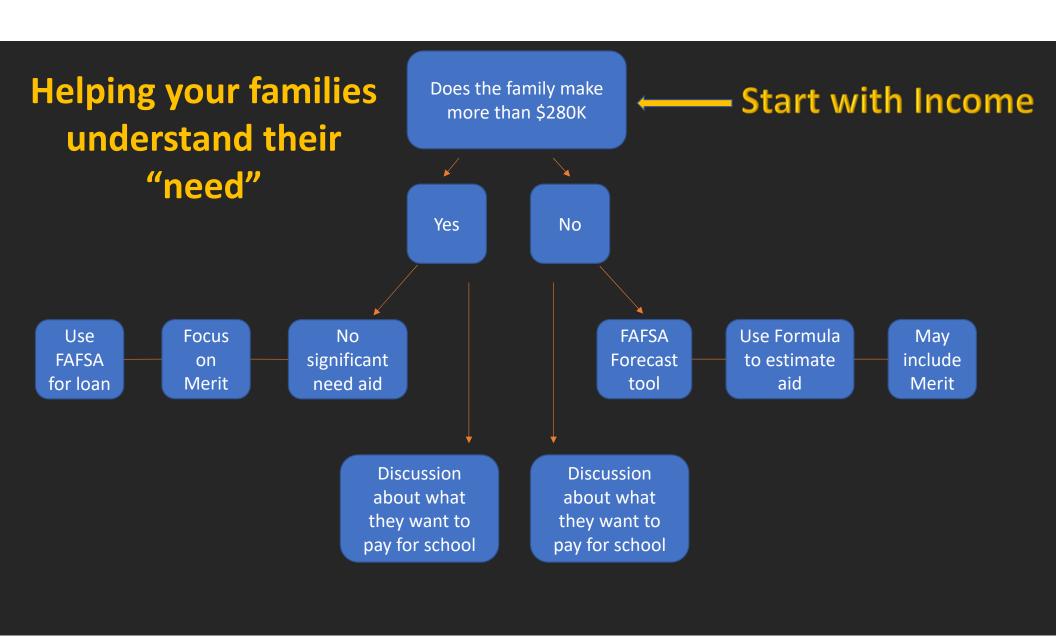


Cost of Attendance

NYU	\$90,222
Northwestern University	\$86,330
Columbia University	\$86,097
University of Denver	\$80,614
UCLA	\$65,557
UC- Boulder	\$58,139
Clemson University	\$56,786
UIUC	\$34K-\$39K*
UW-Madison	\$29,453*

Why is it harder for families to afford college?





Types of Financial Aid

- Need Based
 Grants/Scholarships
- Merit Based Scholarships
- Loans

2 Need-based Aid Forms

FAFSA

CSS Profile

Student Aid Index

FAFSA Review

- Filled out fall of senior year and each subsequent fall
- Determines need at both Federal and Collegiate levels
- May be a factor in the addition of merit grants & scholarships
- Application for the Federal Student Loan Program
- Creates a great deal of confusion and stress

Asset/Income Assessment on FAFSA

Parents

• 5.64% assets – income up to 47%

Students

• 20% assets – income 50%

Grandparents

Not assessed at all

How is the FAFSA used by colleges?

- FAFSA is used to determine need based aid by the college
- Families can be need based at some schools and not at others.



Get a FAFSA forecast tool – help your clients understand their actual need

- Child assessed at 20% UGMA/UTMA
- Parent rate at 5.64% 529/Coverdell

Two mistakes to avoid –

No retirement and no home value on FAFSA

Assets are not the major influencer – income is

FAFSA Changes Expected Family Contribution becomes

Student Aid Index

No discount for the # of students in college

Divorce Formula changing from primary residence to financial support

Small business definition changing

Grandparent contributions no longer negative impact

1 = \$60K 1 = \$60K

2 = \$30K 2 = \$60K

Family with EFC of \$60K and 2 students in college

Old FAFSA

University cost = \$50,000 Student #1 = \$30,000 EFC qualifies for \$20,000 need

Student #2 = \$30,000 EFC qualifies for \$20,000 need

Family qualifies for \$40,000 of financial need

New FAFSA

University cost = \$50,000 Student #1 = \$60,000 EFC qualifies for \$0 need

Student #2 = \$60,000 EFC qualifies for \$0 need

Family qualifies for \$0 of financial need

Divorced Families

Current Day

- Where the Student lives 51% of the time
- Not tied to who claims dependency on taxes

New Formula

- Who has the bulk of financial support
- If equal household with highest income

How things count

- Must be legally separated or divorced
- Alimony no longer counts as income
- 47% vs 5.64%

Grandparent Impact Change

Previously

- If access to need negative impact
- Counted as income for the student –
 50% impact
- Can decrease aid potential for student

On FAFSA 2024/25

- No impact to student
- Real world implications for families saving for college
- Opportunity for advisors to connect w/ next gen!

FAFSA Areas of Significant Change









of Kids In College

Small Business Divorced Families

Grandparents

Quiz

What school path is the least expensive?

- □ Choosing a 4-year public college
- □ Starting at a 2 year and transferring to any kind of 4-year college
- □ Starting at a public college and transferring to a private college
- Starting at and finishing at a 4-year private university



All the above could be true based on the student and the circumstances!

Transferring often adds about \$14,000 to the cost of the degree!

The best scholarship money goes to the smart searchers!

Right Fit College List **Greatest Return** Colleges acceptances Local Private

Anatomy of a College's Merit Scholarship Recipe

- Demonstrated Interest
- Lives out of state
- Every "A" on the transcript
- Rigorous class
- Excellent letter of recommendation
- Increase ACT score
- FAFSA
- CSS/Profile
- Essay

\$3,000

\$2,000-\$15,000

\$62 per "A"

\$400 for every AP, IB, etc.

\$1,800

\$425 per point above avg.

\$1,800

\$2,500

\$1,100-8,500 for excellent

Look for schools who...

- Offer merit aid
- Where student would bring something interesting:
 - Grades and test scores in the top 25-33%
 - Extra-curricular talents
 - Demographically interesting

Trends impacting the cost of college!

The shift toward Early Decision

Complexities of getting into the selective schools – the list got bigger!

Test optional

The numbers are changing!

- Applications are up by 32% since 2020
- Big Brand Schools increasingly more challenging to get in
 - 30+% applicant increase to the Tier 1 (less than 20% acceptance)
 - 26% increase to Tier 2 (20-30% acceptance)
 - 18% increase in all other schools
- Public Flagship schools increasingly harder to get into for non-residents

529's

Use during college is limited to qualified expenses

 Tuition, Room & Board, Books, Fees, Computer, Disability equipment

Plan for all 4 years to maximize the value of the 529

- Consider whether using it now or later is their best option
- Consideration around Federal Student Loan/FAFSA
- With the current interest environment consider other low interest loans at 4% or lower
- Consider saving \$27K for use during grad school

New use to help pay down loans!

- \$10K lifetime limit to apply to student loan payment
- May have state tax implications if you live in a state that is nonconforming – check with your tax accountant
- Potential use for grandparent 529

Tip #2 ACT/SAT testing still matters – plan appropriately

- SAT/ACT the colleges view equally
- PSAT digitized this fall SAT digitized as of spring
- Get prep that fits you
- Make decisions about sending after taking a couple of tests

Tip #3 Make college selection more of a business decision!

- Assure school teaches for your student's success
- Look at multiple programs available
- Big Brand/Selective schools need your student to be more than smart!

Tip #4

Create a family philosophy to pay for college

- 4-year plan to pay for college and the budget
- Define expectations for all people paying
- Discuss early in the process

Quiz

What percentage of students transfer at least once?

□ 6%

□ 14%

□ 25%

□ 38%

□42%



The national transfer rate:

38%

Average Cost of 1 Transfer \$14,000 Cost for 2 transfers \$24,000*

What we do!



- College is a business, like real estate, investing etc.
- College Inside Track helps families navigate the college search & application landscape to assure students are choosing schools for fit.
- Families can do it on their own, but often cost themselves thousands!

How to leverage college as a value-add!

- Lean on your CRM! Start clients at the right time
- Sophomore/Junior families recommend our family consultation
- Grandparents want to help grandkids 529s and generational wealth planning
- Client event- Navigating a Strategic College Search
- Monthly content from advisor newsletter for you to use





Free Family Consultation

Value-add to your brand

Answer questions, discuss goals, suggest strategies

Rough SAI – FAFSA outcome

Suggest the right path – need vs merit or both Share "what to do and when" for best practices



Questions?

Follow us on Facebook for the latest!

Share us with people you know!
*complementary consultations for anyone with questions around search

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